

Makeup Exam

Net duration 180 minutes.

We allow 1 formula sheet (of maximal size A3), but no calculator.

The total sum of points is 50.

Question 1 (3+5 points).

Let $U_1 = \text{span}\left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}\right)$ and $U_2 = \text{span}\left(\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right)$
be subspaces of the vector space \mathbf{R}^5 over \mathbf{R} .

- (1) Determine bases for U_1 and U_2 .
- (2) Determine a basis for $U_1 \cap U_2$. Evaluate $\dim(U_1 + U_2)$.

Question 2 (8 points).

Let $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{(1+x^2)^2}$. Calculate the volume $V(f, 0, 1)$ of the rotation solid between 0 and 1.

Question 3 (4+2+2 points).

Let $f(x) = e^x \sin x$ for $x \in [0, 2\pi)$, continued 2π -periodically to \mathbf{R} .

- (1) Determine the complex Fourier series of $f(x)$.
- (2) Use Parseval's Lemma to evaluate $\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{m^4+4}$.
- (3) Use the value of the Fourier series at $x = 0$ together with (2) to evaluate $\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{m^2}{m^4+4}$.

Question 4 (5 points).

Find the solution of the differential equation

$$x(e^y + e^{-y})y' = e^y - e^{-y}$$

that satisfies $y(1) = \ln 2$.

Question 5 (7 points).

Let

$$f(x, y) = \det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x & 0 & 0 \\ y & 1 & x & 0 \\ 0 & y & 1 & x \\ 0 & 0 & y & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

define a function f from \mathbf{R}^2 to \mathbf{R} .

Calculate the principal minors of the Hesse matrix $H_f(x, y)$ for two different critical points of f . Is it possible to decide whether the respective critical point is an extremum?

Question 6 (3+1 points).

Let $f(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} x^2 - y^2 \\ x + y \\ x - y \end{pmatrix}$, let $g(u, v, w) = \frac{uw}{v}$.

- (1) Calculate $(g \circ f)'(x, y)$ using the Chain Rule in several variables.
- (2) Calculate $(g \circ f)'(x, y)$ again, without use of the Chain Rule.

Question 7 (4 points).

Determine the radius of convergence R of the power series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1+i}{n} \right)^n \cdot n! \cdot z^n .$$

Question 8 (3+2+1 points).

Let $f(x) = x^2e^x$.

- (1) Determine $f^{(n)}(x)$ for $n \geq 0$.
- (2) Determine the Taylor series of $f(x)$ in $x_0 = 0$ using (1).
- (3) Determine the Taylor series of $f(x)$ in $x_0 = 0$ again, using the Taylor series of e^x .